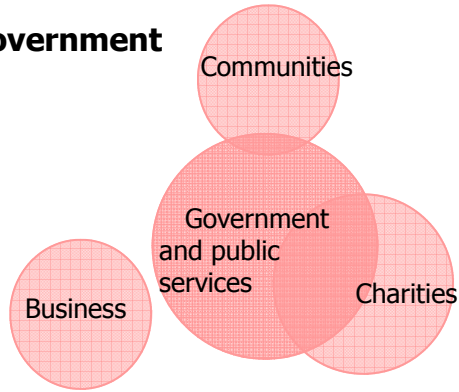


The Big Society Explained

NOW

Big Government



- Government (central and local) provides bulk of public services with little engagement by communities.
- Charities provide services such as debt counselling, daycare centres for elderly, training programmes.

£11bn

Money charities receive from government and local councils annually

£10bn

Money charities receive from public donations

£6.4bn

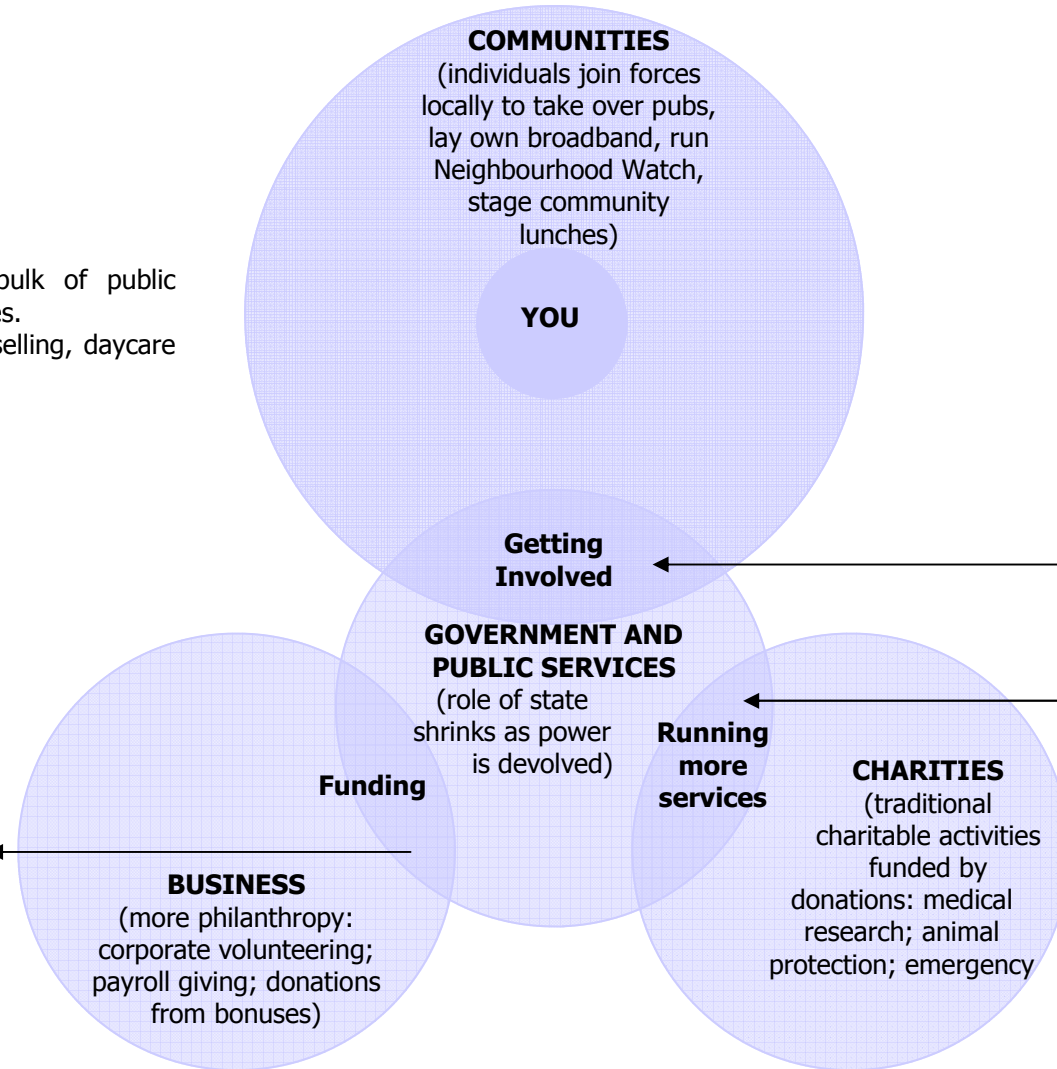
from other sources

- Big Society Bank funded by £60m from dormant bank accounts
- Financial products to encourage social investments such as social impact bonds
- Targets for corporate giving

FUTURE

Big Society

- Power and responsibility for providing some services devolved to communities (via local government) at neighbourhood level.
- Public services opened up to new forms of social organisations such as free schools and employee-owned co-operatives.
- Individuals and businesses encouraged to donate time, money or expertise.



- Volunteers take over running of post offices and libraries
- Employee owned co-ops to run public services such as leisure centres
- Parents to set up free schools

- Red tape cut to allow charities to take over more public services

£4.2bn

amount the Charity Commission calculates charities will lose as a result of government cuts over next four years

